

MEDIEVAL CERAMICS

Information and notes for contributors

A. General points

1. The text should be of a length appropriate to its content (*i.e.* 3,000-4,000 words on average, unless greater length can be justified by the material and subject to peer review).
2. The paper must have an adequate summary of the contents (approximately 100 words). This will be translated into French and German.
3. Two copies of all initial texts must be submitted in hard copy, one to each editor. They should be printed on A4 paper, double-spaced and with a good left-hand margin (30mm).
4. Texts may be submitted at any time, but must be received by October 31st for consideration for the next volume.
5. If possible send reduced copies of illustrations with the initial text. DO NOT send original illustrations until requested to do so by the editors (see also note 10).
6. All papers intended as main articles, rather than notes, will be submitted for peer review. The reviewer has the right to remain anonymous if they choose, but their comments will be communicated to the author(s) for consideration and implementation.
7. The editors reserve to right to make minor changes of form/layout as required, but no fundamental changes will be made without consultation with the author(s).
8. Following peer review, the editors will seek where appropriate to guide contributors on matters of content. However, each paper is the copyright of its author who alone is responsible for the statements published therein, and for ensuring that permission to reproduce any text or artwork that is the copyright of another author has been obtained.
9. Final texts should where possible be submitted on disk - preferably as an RTF file in Word or Word Perfect. The disk must be accompanied by a hard copy of the text.
10. All authors will receive galley/first page proofs for checking and correcting (not rewriting). Major changes at this stage will be charged to the contributor. Failure to return proofs by the required date may lead to the editors returning their own proofs without further reference to the contributor.
11. Major papers will be accepted on merit, but where for financial reasons a choice has to be made between two or more contributions, preference may

be given to those for which sponsorship has been or can be obtained, while other texts will be selected on a 'first-in' basis.

12. Authors of main papers will receive a print quality pdf of their final published paper.

B. Text

To minimise editorial work, please ensure that the text conforms to the following instructions:

1. The title must be in upper and lower case, bold.
2. The author's name must be in Capitals, with an asterisk referring to the author's contact address (listed at the end of the paper).
3. The summary must be in italics.
4. The paper must have a logical structure with introduction, sequential components and discussion/conclusion followed by acknowledgements and bibliography.
5. All main headings must be in capitals, bold.
6. All sub-headings must be in upper/lower case, bold.
7. All subsidiary headings must be in upper and lower case, italics.
8. In-text emphasis of fabrics or form types may also be in italics. Quotation marks, if used, should be 'singular', not "double"
9. Abbreviations, shortened forms which do not end with the last letter of the original word, are followed by a full-stop (for example: Fig., No., Pl., pers. comm., cf., eds.). Do not use the ampersand (&) in text or in the bibliography.
10. Reference to Figs within the text should be to Fig. 1, no 2. Reference to figures in a Bibliographic reference should be in lower case (Broadribb 1994, 600, fig.6, no.1)
11. For acronyms and other abbreviations using capital letters, standard international units of measure, no full-stop is used (for example: CBA, HMSO, HBMC; AD, BC, OD; m, mm, kg).
12. Contractions, shortened forms which end with the last letter of the original word, are not followed by a full-stop (for example: Mr, Dr, St).
13. All foreign-language expressions, abbreviations and terminology must be in italics (for example: *in situ*, *c.*, *i.e.*, *e.g.*, *et al.*, *etc.*
14. Compass points must be given in full (*e.g.* south-east), in lower case. Contexts numbers must be given in square brackets (*e.g.* context [3])

15. Numbers one to twenty and any number coming at the beginning of a sentence should be written in full. Numbers over twenty should be given in numerals, as should those followed by units of measure (5 miles, 10 kg). A space should be inserted between the unit and its measure (1 mm).

Percentages should be given in numerals with the % sign (43%), not using words.

Context numbers should be in square brackets [5].

16. Dates 13th to 14th centuries, use normal not superscript/subscript font, use the word centuries not C.

Use a hyphen when a date is used as an adjective, for example, ‘of a mid 13th-century date’.

c. 1450–1460

AD 1225 or AD 1320–1350 (use – ctrl–), not 1320 to 1350

17. References Authors should note that their papers should contain a *Reference List*, not a *Bibliography*. The *reference list* should contain only references that have been cited in the body of the paper, either in the main text, specialist reports, or appendices. As a matter of course, before the paper is sent to the Editorial Committee, the author should check that every text reference is included in the reference list, and that every item listed in the *reference list* is included in the text. References should be stated as follows

18. Books: the name of the publisher **AND** the place of publication should be given eg

Cruden, S 1986 *Scottish Medieval Churches*, 34-5. John Donald, Edinburgh.

19. Chapters in books: Spearman, R M 1988 ‘The Medieval Townscape of Perth’, in Lynch, M, Spearman, M and Stell, G (eds) *The Scottish Medieval Town*, 42-59. John Donald, Edinburgh.

20. Theses: Torrie, E P D 1988 *The Guild in Fifteenth century Dunfermline*, unpubl PhD thesis, University of Edinburgh.

21. Articles: Woolliscroft, D J 1993 ‘Signalling and the design of the Gask Ridge system’, *Proc Soc Antiq Scot*, 123, 291-313.

MacAskill, N L 1987 ‘Ceramic building material’, in Holdsworth, P (ed) *Excavations in the Medieval Burgh of Perth 1979-81*, 156-7. Edinburgh (= Soc Antiq Scot Monogr Ser, 5).

Hall, D W 1997 ‘The Pottery’, in Rains, M J and Hall, D W (eds) *Excavations in St Andrews 1980-89*, 26-30. Glenrothes (= Tayside Fife Archaeol Committee Monogr 1).

Hodgson, G W I 1983 ‘The animal remains from medieval sites within three burghs on the eastern Scottish seaboard’, in Proudfoot, B (ed) *Site, environment and economy*, 3-32. Oxford (= BAR Int Ser 173).

22. Titles of foreign journals should be given in full, but British and Irish journals can be abbreviated eg *Medieval Archaeol*, *Tayside Fife Archaeol J*
23. Publication years for a journal should only be included after the journal title where the volume covers a split year (eg 1971-72)
24. Documentary sources should be given their full archive number and repository.
25. Maps should be identified by their full title in the reference list.
26. Footnotes should never be used and references should appear in the text as follows; (Torrie 1988) or 'as Torrie has stated (1988, 54)'.
27. Histograms and other graphics should be listed as figures.
28. Figures and Plates should be referred in the text as to as Fig. 1 or Pl. 1 (normal text) but as a caption the text should be written in Italics as *Fig. 1 Location map of kiln site*. All figures and plates must have a caption. This should include a note of the scale at which the illustrations have been reproduced. If artwork is not by the author the artist must be acknowledged, either in the caption or in the acknowledgements (referring to fig. 1 nos. 1-13). Captions must be listed sequentially at the end of the contribution

C. Illustrations

1. The first impressions of a publication are often gained from the illustrations. While the editors will decide final page layouts, they cannot undertake to redraw maps or figures, and will reject artwork which is not of a sufficiently high standard. For this reason photocopies only of proposed illustrations should be submitted in the first instance.
2. Page layouts may be specified by the author, but these should bear in mind that half or whole page artwork (which may include two or more figures) are significantly cheaper than quarter page inserts.
3. All pottery illustrations submitted for publication must be made according to standard archaeological conventions, with the section indicated on the **left-hand** side of the vessel and the handle on the **right** (unless there is more than one handle). For wheelthrown vessels the section should be filled in with black ink; for handmade pots a hatched section is permissible. Added features, such as spouts, secondary handles, or applied decoration, should also be hatched or not filled in, to show that they are not part of the original vessel as formed.
4. All artwork must be designed to fit the Medieval Ceramics Page size (242 x 170mm) or column width (82mm). As a rule, pottery drawings should be

prepared for reduction to 1:4 or 1:2, but decorated sherds or unusual single vessels may be published at 1:1.

5. Pottery illustrations inked in at 1:1 for reduction to 1:4 should not be drawn with a pen less than 0.5 for outline, or 0.3mm for detail. Spaces between lines should be sufficient not to cause blocking when the drawings are reduced, particularly if sections are hatched.

6. Lettering and numbering should be of an appropriate scale and consistently placed; care must be taken to ensure that it is accurately lined up.

7. All maps and figures showing pottery should have an unobtrusive scale (see also note B22). Maps should also have north point.

8. Final artwork should be submitted as TIFF files at 600 dpi for line illustrations and 300 dpi for photographs.

Authors must make sure that permission to reproduce illustrations has been granted in writing by the copyright holder.